**Activity Impact**

1. **RAASTA local planning process**
   - 1.3 million women exposed to RMNCAH
   - 1.5 million neonates exposed to RMNCAH

2. **Total market approach**
   - Scale-up of carbetocin
   - Efficacy and resource optimization
   - Increased adoption and access

**Evidence**

- **MTGваться National Initiative for Transforming Health, Nutrition and Education in India’s rural health, knowledge and services for health programs to increase engagement and resource mobilization.**
- **RAASTA**
  - 1.3 million women exposed to RMNCAH
  - 1.5 million neonates exposed to RMNCAH

**Facilitators**

- **Aligning the activity with the government implementation plan for health and nutrition**
- **Creating win-win partnerships with local and national private sector, professional bodies, and NGOs**

**Challenges**

- **Collection of data, reliability, and data linking in a timely manner**
- **Data not used for historical purposes**
- **Lessons Learned**

**Lessons Learned**

- **The RAASTa process provides opportunities to learn from successes and challenges.**
- **Use of local planning tools and processes to strengthen the evidence-based implementation at the sub-national level.**
- **Use of local planning tools and processes to strengthen the evidence-based implementation at the sub-national level.**
- **Lessons from the project can be used to improve ongoing and future projects.**
- **Strengthen participatory planning processes for future projects.**

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**Context**

- **The need for an evidence-based approach to enhance health system and policy interventions.**
- **RAASTA local planning process:**
  - **Identification of the right problems:**
    - Equity, quality, and access gaps
  - **Aligning with the country and global priorities:**
    - Government ownership
  - **Data for gaps analysis and visualization**
    - Improved Health & Nutrition Score

**Activity Description**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key Problems</th>
<th>Approach</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Inadequate collection and use of data for gap analysis</td>
<td>Data for gaps analysis and visualization for Quality Improvement identified 12,872 quality gaps which led to strengthening gaps and resource optimization.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**System Development**

- **Health Systems Accelerator for Evidence and Impact (HSAEI)**
- **HSAEI**
  - **Tools developed and adopted by the government:**
    - Use of local planning tools and processes to strengthen the evidence-based implementation at the sub-national level.
  - **RAASTa process:**
    - Use of local planning tools and processes to strengthen the evidence-based implementation at the sub-national level.

**Lessons Learned**

- **Strengthen participatory planning processes for future projects.**
- **Use of local planning tools and processes to strengthen the evidence-based implementation at the sub-national level.**

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**Putting the locals into action: Health system strengthening model in vulnerable geographies of India**

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